

# How to Propagate Bulbophyllum auriflorum



## Unveiling the Secrets: Propagating the Exquisite Bulbophyllum auriflorum

The *Bulbophyllum auriflorum*, with its charming golden blossoms and intriguing growth habit, is a captivating orchid species sought after by enthusiasts. While caring for this beauty brings immense satisfaction, successfully propagating it marks a true testament to an orchid grower's skill. Don't worry, though – mastering this botanical feat isn't as daunting as it may seem! Let's demystify the process and unlock the secrets to multiplying your *Bulbophyllum auriflorum* collection.

### Understanding the Basics

Before we delve into the how-to, understanding the plant's natural propagation methods lays a solid foundation. In the wild, orchids like *Bulbophyllum auriflorum* reproduce through:

- [Seed Propagation](#): This natural method, while

fascinating, is incredibly challenging for home growers due to the need for specialized mycorrhizal fungi and controlled lab-like conditions.

- **Vegetative Propagation:** This method, involving the growth of new plantlets from existing plant parts, is our focus. Luckily, *Bulbophyllum* orchids often produce **keikis**, miniature plantlets on their flower stalks, making vegetative propagation more accessible.

## Two Avenues for Success: Keiki Removal and Division

### 1. Keiki Removal: Your Ticket to New Plantlets

Keikis are your golden ticket to easy propagation, signifying your plant's happiness and readiness to multiply. Here's how to guide those little ones to independence:

- **Patience is Key:** Wait until the keiki develops at least three roots, each about 2-3 inches long. This ensures the new plant can independently absorb nutrients.
- **Gentle Separation:** Carefully detach the keiki from the mother plant using a sterilized sharp knife or scissors. Make a clean cut close to the main stem.
- **Potting Up:** Choose a small pot with good drainage and an appropriate orchid potting mix (bark chips, perlite, and sphagnum moss blend works well). Securely plant the keiki, ensuring the base of the plant sits just above the potting mix's surface.
- **Nurturing Growth:** Provide the same care as the mature plant, including bright, indirect light, high humidity, and consistent watering.

### 2. Division: Expanding Mature Plants

For established and healthy *Bulbophyllum auriflorum* with multiple pseudobulbs (swollen stems), division offers another effective propagation method. Here's your step-by-step guide:

- **Timing is Everything:** Ideally, divide your orchid during

spring, just before the active growing season.

- **Unpotting and Preparation:** Gently remove the plant from its pot, loosening the potting mix around the roots.
- **Division with Care:** Using a sterilized knife, carefully cut the rhizome (horizontal stem connecting the pseudobulbs), ensuring each division has at least 3-4 healthy pseudobulbs and a healthy root system.
- **Potting your Divisions:** Pot each division in a well-draining orchid mix, ensuring the rhizome rests on the surface and the roots are comfortably spread.

### **Patience and Observation: The Keys to Success**

Regardless of your chosen method, remember that newly propagated orchids require time and attentive care. Maintain their environment, diligently monitoring their growth and adjusting your care regimen as needed. Observe for new root and leaf growth, a positive sign your propagation efforts were successful.

Propagating your *Bulbophyllum auriflorum* might seem daunting at first, but with a little patience, the right knowledge, and a gentle touch, you can easily multiply these exquisite orchids, sharing their beauty with fellow plant lovers and expanding your own captivating collection.