# How to Propagate Calea perijaensis



# Unlocking the Secrets of Calea perijaensis: A Propagation Guide for the Intrepid Gardener

Calea perijaensis, a rare and beautiful daisy relative hailing from the cloud forests of Colombia, is a hidden gem for plant enthusiasts seeking something truly unique. With its delicate white flowers and captivating anise aroma, this plant offers a sensory delight. But propagating this exotic beauty can seem like a daunting task. Fear not, intrepid gardeners, for we're about to unlock the secrets to successfully welcoming Calea perijaensis into your home.

# Two Paths to Propagation:

For Calea perijaensis, we have two primary methods of propagation:

1. Seed Propagation: This approach is for the patient

gardener, as Calea perijaensis seeds can be notoriously fickle and require specific conditions to germinate.

2. **Stem Cuttings:** This method offers a higher success rate and faster results, making it a popular choice among enthusiasts.

#### The Seed Route: Patience is Key

- Sourcing Seeds: Due to its rarity, finding viable Calea perijaensis seeds can be challenging. Look for reputable online vendors specializing in rare or ethnobotanical plants.
- Sowing the Seeds: Use a well-draining seed-starting mix and sow the seeds shallowly, barely covering them.
- Creating a Humid Environment: Calea perijaensis thrives in humidity. Mist the soil regularly and consider using a humidity dome or placing the seed tray in a warm, humid location.
- Patience is a Virtue: Germination can take anywhere from a few weeks to several months. Don't be discouraged if you don't see sprouts right away.

## The Cutting Edge: Stem Cuttings for Success

- Timing is Everything: The best time to take cuttings is during the plant's active growing season, typically spring to early summer.
- Selecting the Right Cuttings: Choose healthy, nonflowering stems that are approximately 4-6 inches long. Make the cut just below a node, where the leaf attaches to the stem.
- Preparing the Cuttings: Remove the lower leaves, leaving only a few at the top. Dip the cut end in rooting hormone to encourage faster root development (optional but recommended).
- Planting and Care: Plant the cuttings in a well-draining medium, such as a mix of perlite and peat moss. Keep the

medium consistently moist but not waterlogged. Again, maintaining humidity is crucial, so utilize a humidity dome or consider misting regularly.

## **Nurturing Your Calea perijaensis**

Once your seeds germinate or your cuttings develop roots, it's time to give them the care they need to thrive:

- **Light:** While Calea perijaensis enjoys bright, indirect light, it's essential to shield it from direct sunlight, which can scorch its delicate leaves.
- Water: Maintain a consistently moist environment, but avoid overwatering, which can lead to root rot. Allow the topsoil to dry slightly between waterings.
- Humidity: Remember, Calea perijaensis craves humidity. Regular misting or using a humidifier can mimic its natural cloud forest environment.
- Fertilization: During the growing season, provide a balanced liquid fertilizer diluted to half strength every 2-4 weeks.

Propagating Calea perijaensis might require a touch of dedication and a keen eye for detail, but the reward of witnessing this rare beauty flourish in your care makes it a truly rewarding endeavor. So, don your gardening gloves and embark on the adventure of propagating Calea perijaensis — you might be surprised by the magic you can cultivate.